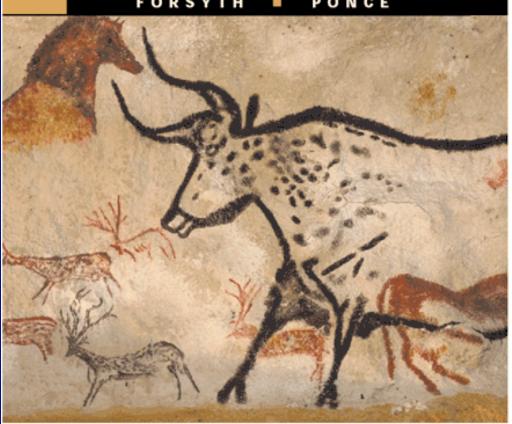
# Computer Vision (with a special emphasis on people)

D.A. Forsyth

## Computer Vision

A MODERN APPROACH

FORSYTH PONCE



#### Topics

- Monday: Overview, Cameras, Light, Edges
- Tuesday: HOG/SIFT, Classifiers, Detectors, NDD
- Wednesday: Reconstruction and Tracking
- Thursday: People: finding, tracking, activity, faces
- Friday: Applications: shadow removal, shading recovery, texture synthesis, words and pictures
- What's missing
  - structure from motion
  - most segmentation
  - much detail
  - exercises, homeworks, etc.

#### Conclusions

- Two major intertwining themes
  - Reconstruction
    - Build me a model of it
  - Recognition
    - What is this like
- Wildly successful field
  - 20 years ago:
    - eccentric preoccupation of few
  - Now:
    - massive impact, including numerous applications

#### Example problems

- Obstacle avoidance
  - A cricketer avoids being hit in the head (->) (<-)
  - the gannet pulls its wings in in time, by measuring time to contact
- Reconstructing representations of the 3D world
  - from multiple views
  - from shading
  - from structural models, etc
- Recognition
  - draw distinctions between what is seen
    - is it soggy?
    - will it eat me?
    - can I eat it?
    - is it a cat?
    - is it my cat?

#### Reconstruction

- Build me a model
  - from pictures
  - from video
  - containing
    - geometric information
    - surface texture information
    - where was the camera
- Core ideas
  - describing and matching points
  - camera geometry

#### Matching

- Problem:
  - what matches what
- Solution
  - detailed local descriptions of points (SIFT)

Matching points is important





M. Brown and D. Lowe, "Recognising Panoramas", ICCV 2003

#### Matching points

- A description of tiny gradients near point is distinctive
  - Lowe's SIFT feature

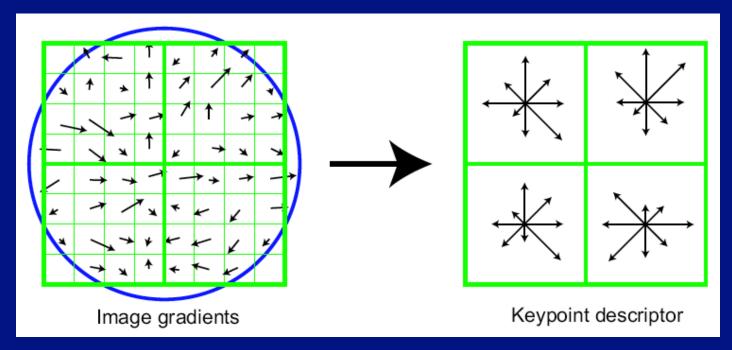
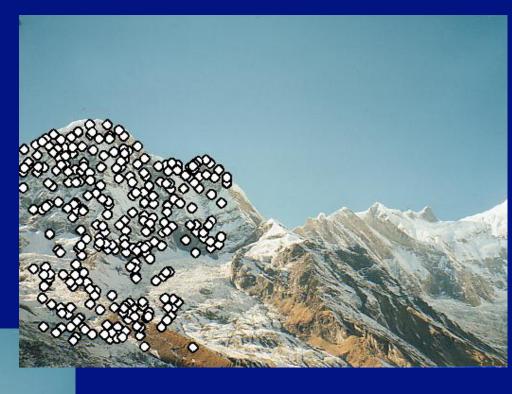
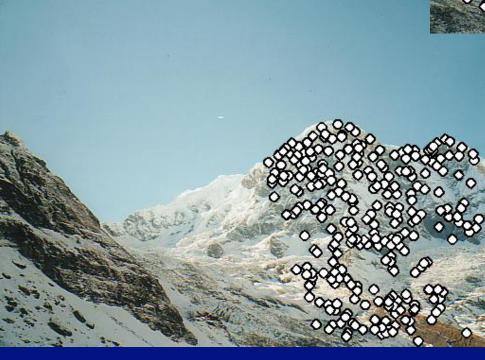


Fig 7 from:
Distinctive image features from scale-invariant keypoints
David G. Lowe, *International Journal of Computer Vision*, 60, 2 (2004), pp. 91-110.





M. Brown and D. Lowe, "Recognising Panoramas", ICCV 2003





M. Brown and D. Lowe, "Recognising Panoramas", ICCV 2003



M. Brown and D. Lowe, "Recognising Panoramas", ICCV 2003



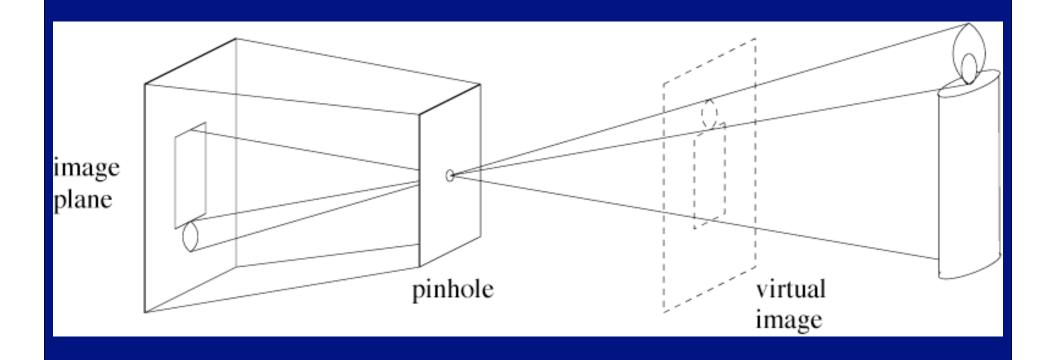
M. Brown and D. Lowe, "Recognising Panoramas", ICCV 2003



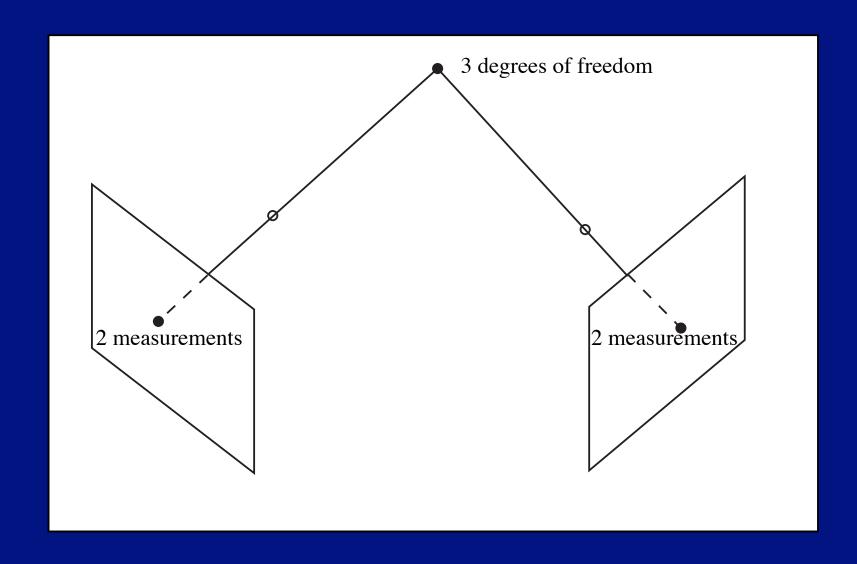
M. Brown and D. Lowe, "Recognising Panoramas", ICCV 2003

#### How cameras work

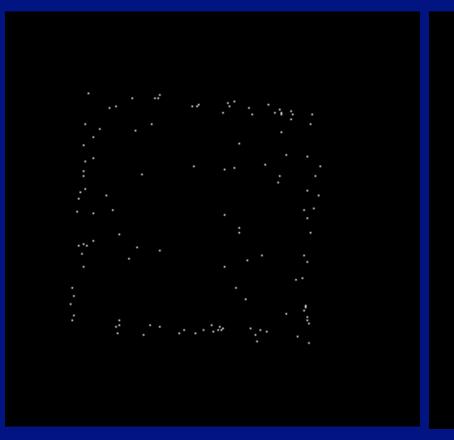
Pinhole camera - an effective abstraction



#### What happens in two views



#### Structure from motion



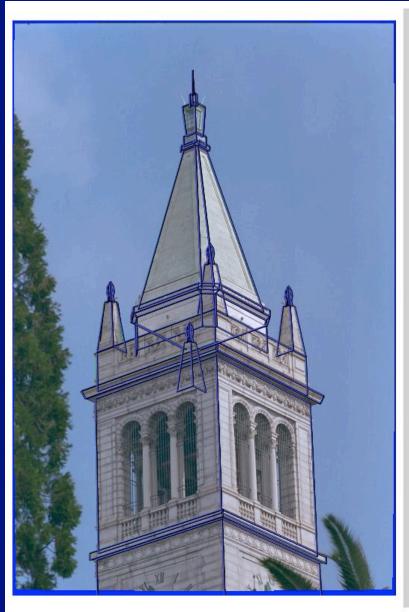


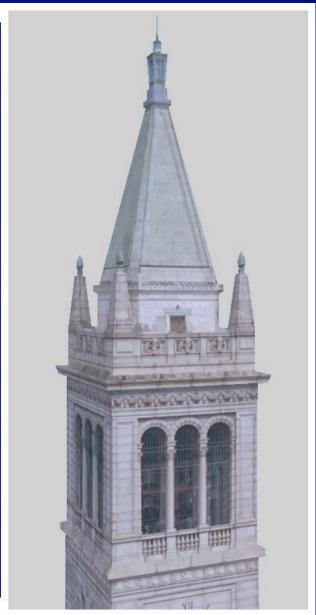
#### All of Camera Geometry

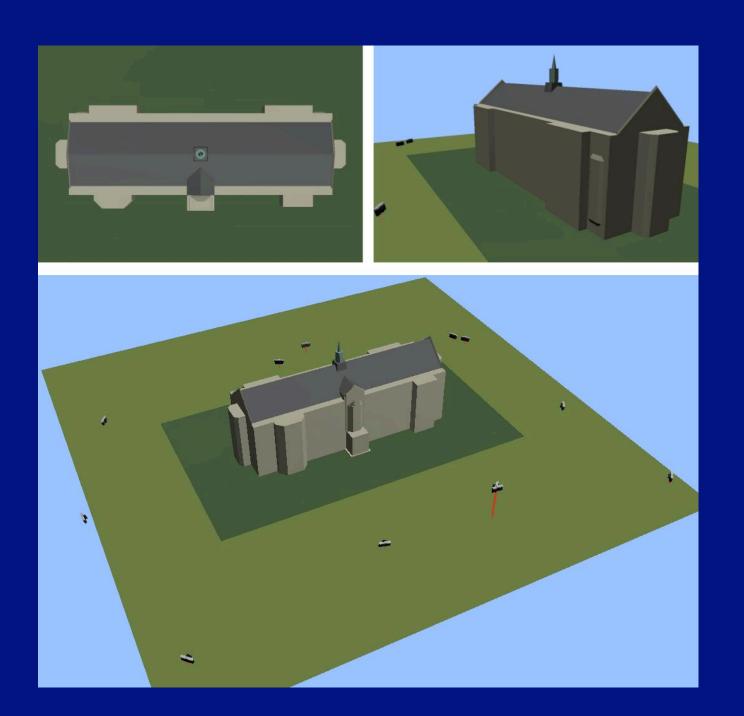
- From the picture
  - two views of a point give four measurements of three DOF
  - this means
    - correspondence is constrained
    - if we have enough points and enough pix we can recover
      - points
      - cameras



Work by Paul Debevec and Jitendra Malik





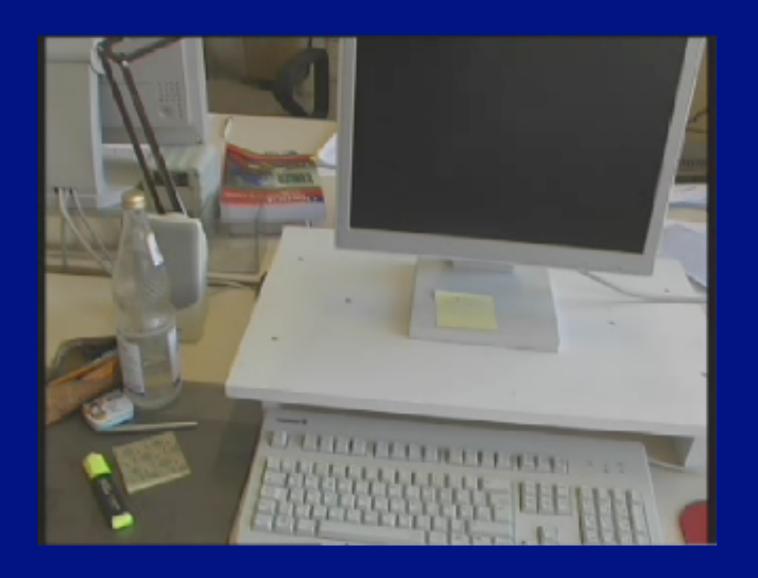


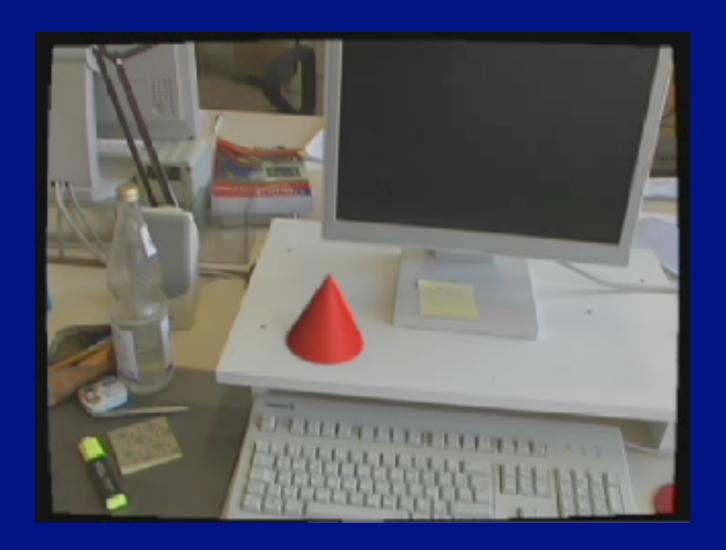


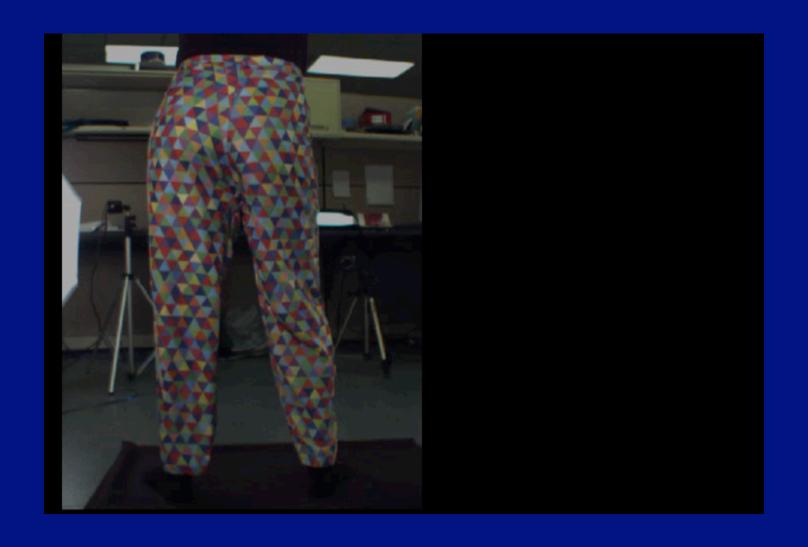
M. Pollefeys, L. Van Gool, M. Vergauwen, F. Verbiest, K. Cornelis, J. Tops, R. Koch, Visual modeling with a hand-held camera, International Journal of Computer Vision 59(3), 207-232, 2004

#### Match moves

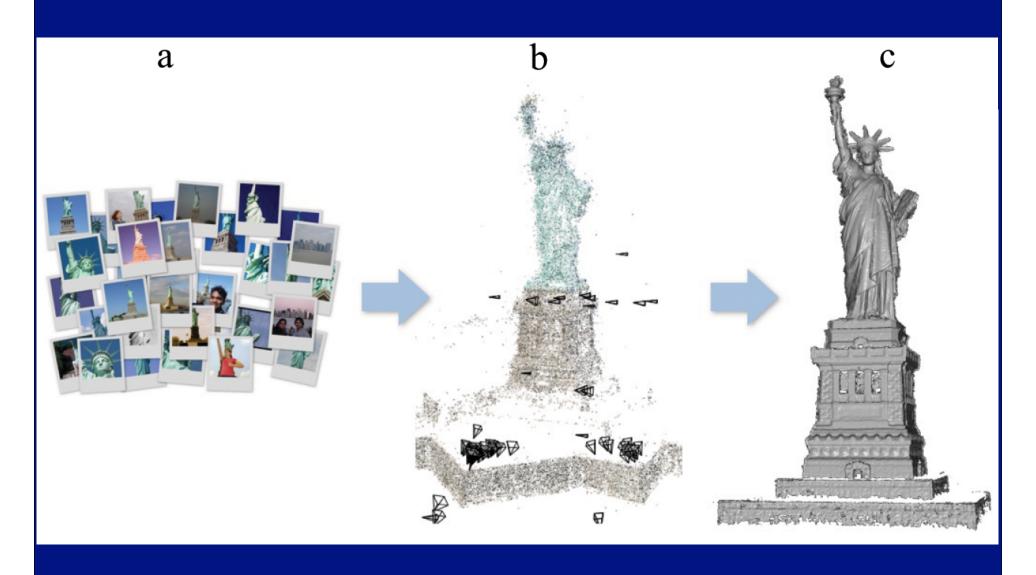
- If you know where the camera is for a sequence you can
  - attach a virtual sequence to the end smoothly
  - insert virtual objects realistically
- Commercial products
  - boujou, MatchMover, 3DEqualizer
- Free research software
  - voodoo







Capturing and animating occluded cloth - R White, K Crane, DA Forsyth SIGGRAPH 2007



M Goesele, N Snavely, B Curless, H Hoppe, "Multi-view stereo for community photo collections", ICCV 2007

### Photo Tourism Exploring photo collections in 3D

Noah Snavely Steven M. Seitz Richard Szeliski
University of Washington Microsoft Research

SIGGRAPH 2006

Noah Snavely, Steven M. Seitz, Richard Szeliski, "Photo tourism: Exploring photo collections in 3D," ACM Transactions on Graphics (SIGGRAPH Proceedings), 25(3), 2006, 835-846.

#### Reconstructions from one view

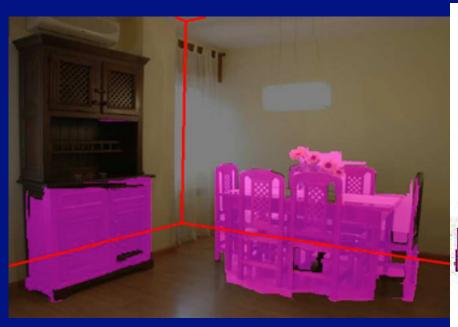
- Symmetry
- Horizontal / vertical planes and contours
- Special geometries
- Texture
- Shading

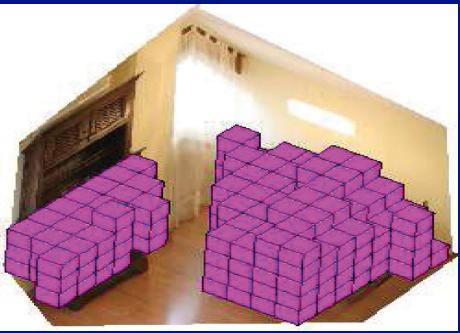
#### **Automatic Photo Pop-up**

D. Hoiem A.A. Efros M. Hebert Carnegie Mellon University



V. Hedau, D. Hoiem, D.A. Forsyth, "Recovering the layout of cluttered rooms", ICCV 2009

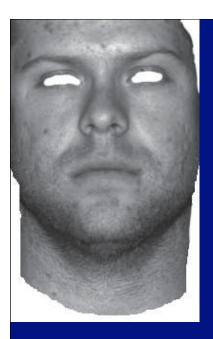




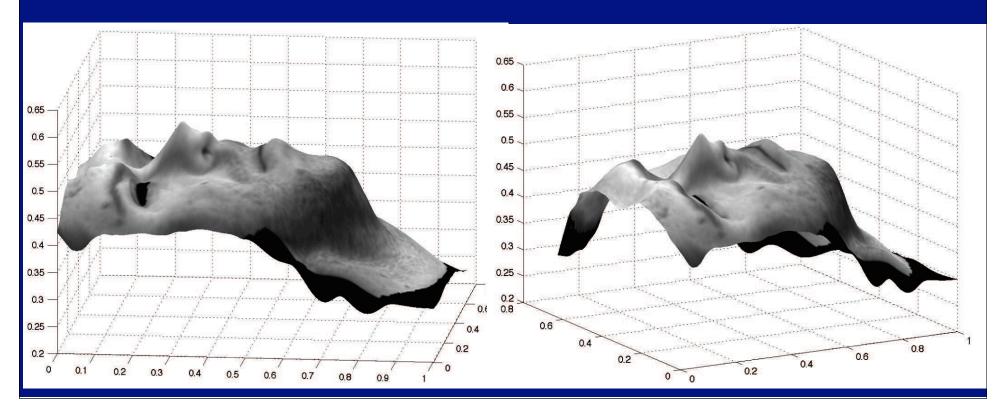
V. Hedau, D. Hoiem, D.A. Forsyth, "Recovering the layout of cluttered rooms", ICCV 2009



A. Lobay and D.A. Forsyth, "Recovering shape and irradiance maps from rich dense texton fields", CVPR 2004



D.A. Forsyth, "Variable source shading analysis," In review

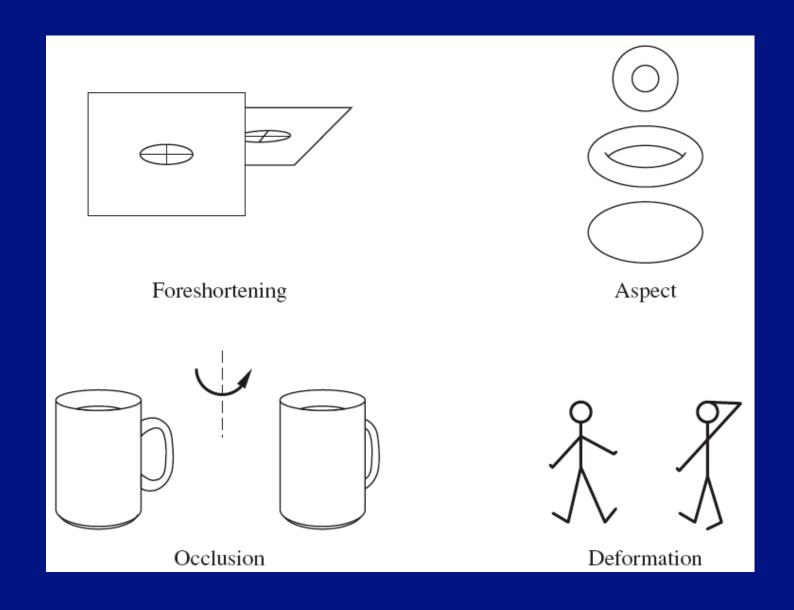




M.K. Johnson and E.H. Adelson "Retrographic sensing for the measurement of surface texture and shape" CVPR, 2009

## Recognition

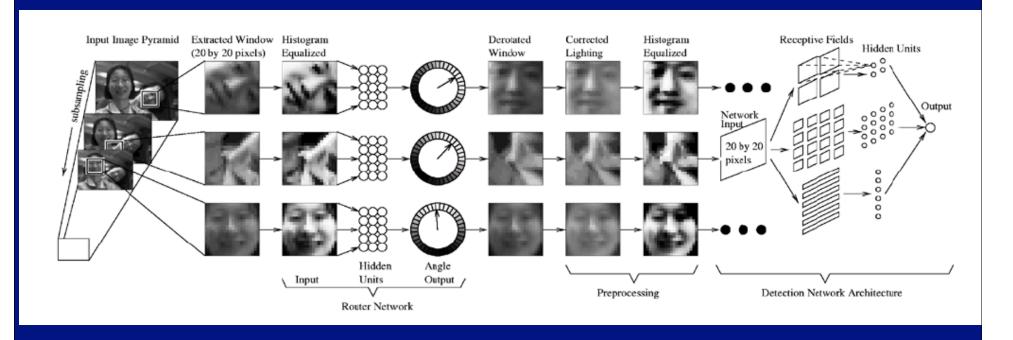
- Problem is somewhat vague
  - what is this
  - what is this like
- Major technologies
  - Classifier
    - stick in a feature, and it says yes/no
  - Rich local feature descriptors (like SIFT)



### Finding faces

- Faces "look like" templates (at least when they're frontal).
- General strategy:
  - search image windows at a range of scales
  - Correct for illumination
  - Present corrected window to classifier
- Issues
  - How corrected?
  - What features?
  - What classifier?
  - what about lateral views?

### Rowley-Baluja-Kanade face finder (1)



"Rotation invariant neural-network based face detection," H.A. Rowley, S. Baluja and T. Kanade, CVPR 1998



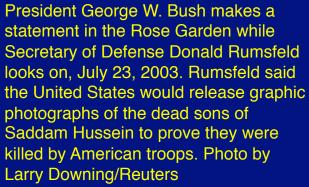






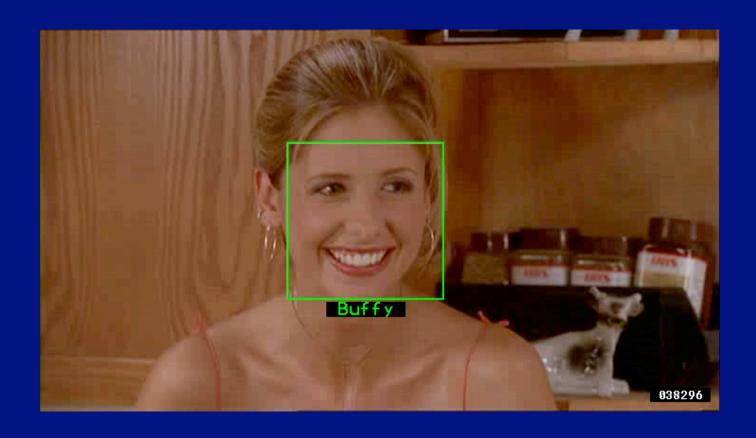
"Rotation invariant neural-network based face detection," H.A. Rowley, S. Baluja and T. Kanade, CVPR 1998







Names and faces in the news - T. Berg et al CVPR 2004



Everingham, M., Sivic, J. and Zisserman, A. "Hello! My name is... Buffy" - Automatic naming of characters in TV video BMVC 2006



P. Felzenszwalb, D. McAllester, D. Ramanan. "A Discriminatively Trained, Multiscale, Deformable Par Model" CVPR 2008.

### Linking words and pictures

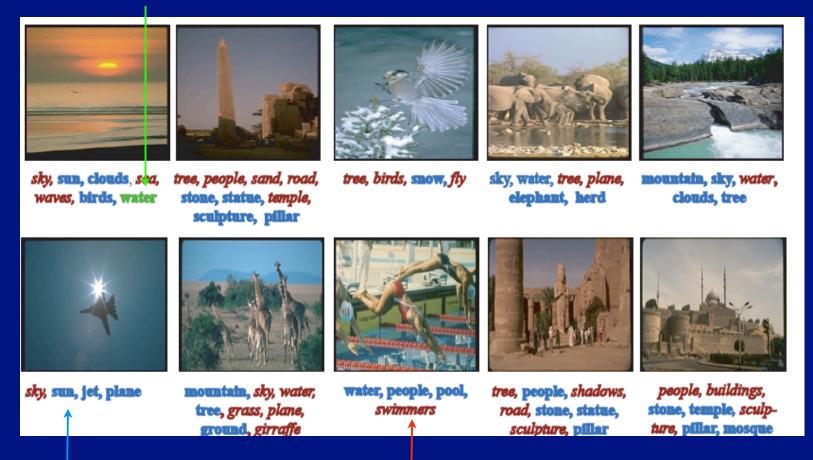
- In its simplest form, missing variable problem
- Caveats
  - might take a lot of data; symmetries, biases in data create issues



Brown, Della Pietra, Della Pietra & Mercer 93; Melamed 01

Object recognition as machine translation: Learning a lexicon for a fixed image vocabulary - P Duygulu, K Barnard, JFG de Freitas, DA Forsyth ECCV 2002

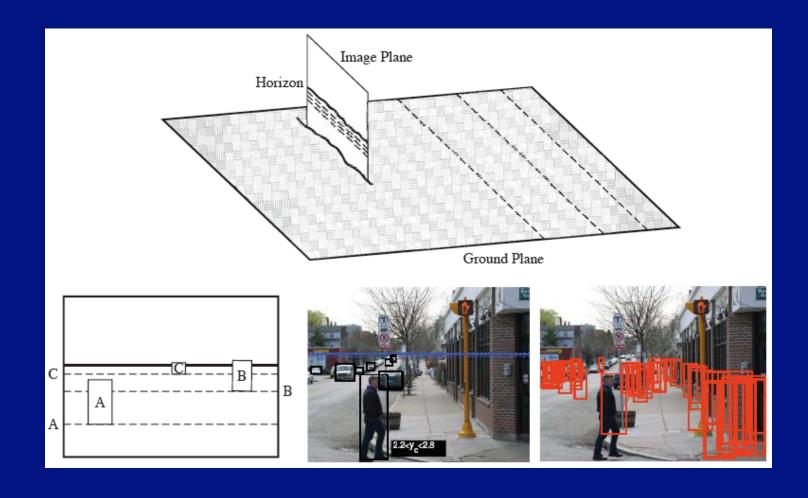
#### It was there and we didn't



It was there and we predicted it

It wasn't and we did

Scene Discovery by Matrix Factorization, N Loeff, A Farhadi, ECCV 2008



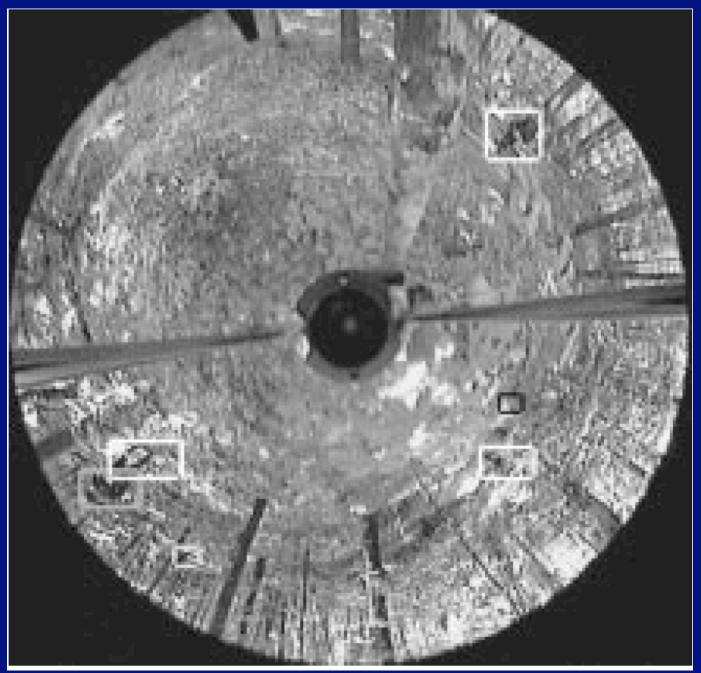
Putting Objects in Perspective, D. Hoiem, A.A. Efros, and M. Hebert, in Proc IEEE Conf. Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, 2006

### Looking at People

- What are people doing?
- Hard because
  - hard to extract people from video
    - but quite good trackers are now becoming available
  - hard to know what form the answer takes
    - "walking" vs "running"?
    - "not much of interest" vs "might be a problem"?
    - goals/intentions?

#### • Surveillance

- prosecution; intelligence gathering; crime prevention
- HCI; architecture;
- Synthesis
  - games; movies;
- Safety applications
  - pedestrian detection
- People are interesting
  - movies; news



Where you are can suggest you are doing something you shouldn't be
Boult 2001













Bill Freeman flies a magic carpet.

Orientation histograms detect body configuration to control bank, raised arm to fire magic spell.

Freeman et al, 98.



9 An example of a user playing a Decathlon event, the javelin throw. The computer's timing of the set and release for the javelin is based on when the integrated downward and upward motion exceeds predetermined thresholds.

Motion fields set javelin timing Freeman et al 98

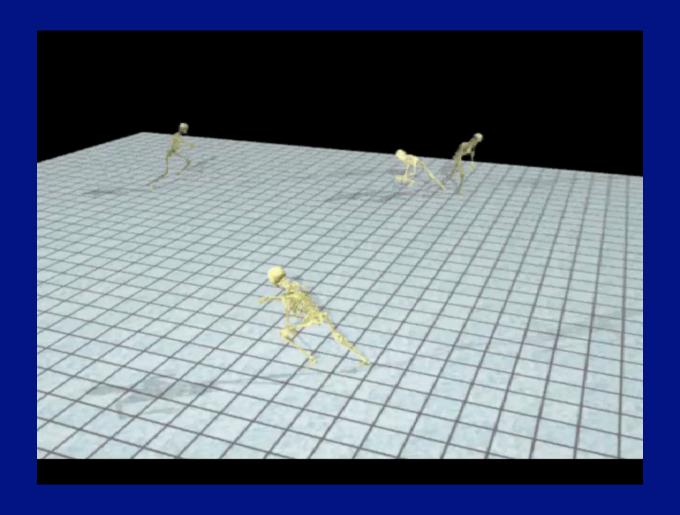


Sony's eyetoy estimates motion fields, links these to game inputs. Huge hit in EU, well received in US





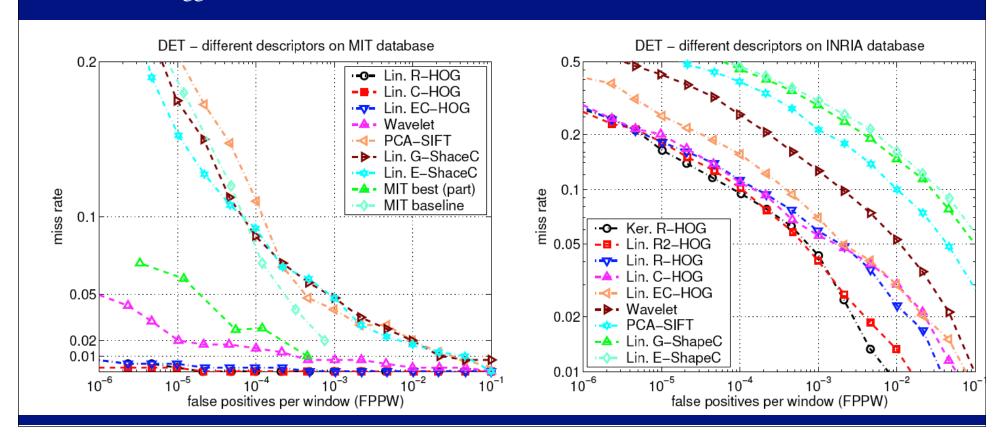
- Surveillance
  - prosecution; intelligence gathering; crime prevention
  - HCI; architecture;
- Synthesis
  - games; movies;
- Safety applications
  - pedestrian detection
- People are interesting
  - movies; news



- Surveillance
  - prosecution; intelligence gathering; crime prevention
  - HCI; architecture;
- Synthesis
  - games; movies;
- Safety applications
  - pedestrian detection
- People are interesting
  - movies; news



From Dalal+Triggs, 05



- Surveillance
  - prosecution; intelligence gathering; crime prevention
  - HCI; architecture;
- Synthesis
  - games; movies;
- Safety applications
  - pedestrian detection
- People are interesting
  - movies; news

### News Faces

- 5e5 captioned news images
- Mainly people "in the wild"
- Correspondence problem
  - some images have many (resp. few) faces, few (resp. many) names (cf. Srihari 95)

#### • Process

- Extract proper names
- Detect faces (Vogelhuber Schmid 00) 44773 big face responses
- Rectify faces
- Kernel PCA rectified faces
- Estimate linear discriminants
- Now have (face vector; name\_1,..., name\_k)
   27742 for k<=4</li>

• Apply a form of modified k-means



President George W. Bush makes a statement in the Rose Garden while Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld looks on, July 23, 2003. Rumsfeld said the United States would release graphic photographs of the dead sons of Saddam Hussein to prove they were killed by American troops. Photo by Larry Downing/Reuters





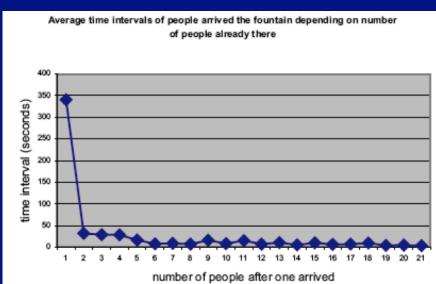
US President George W. Bush (L) makes remarks while Secretary of State Colin Powell (R) listens before signing the US Leadership Against HIV /AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria in Washington, DC. The five-year plan is designed to help prevent and treat African and Caribbean nations(AFP/ Luke Frazza)



German supermodel Claudia Schiffer gave birth to a baby boy by Caesarian section January 30, 2003, her spokeswoman said. The baby is the first child for both Schiffer, 32, and her Act of 2003 at the Department of State husband, British film producer Matthew Vaughn, who was at her side for the birth. Schiffer is seen on the German television AIDS, especially in more than a dozen show 'Bet It...?!' ('Wetten Dass...?!') in Braunschweig, on January 26, 2002. (Alexandra Winkler/Reuters)

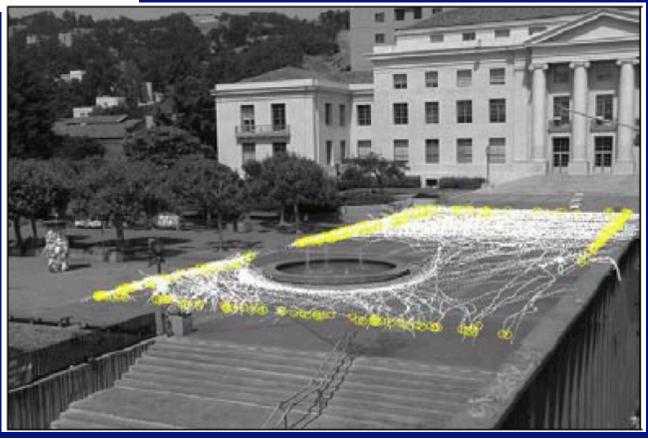


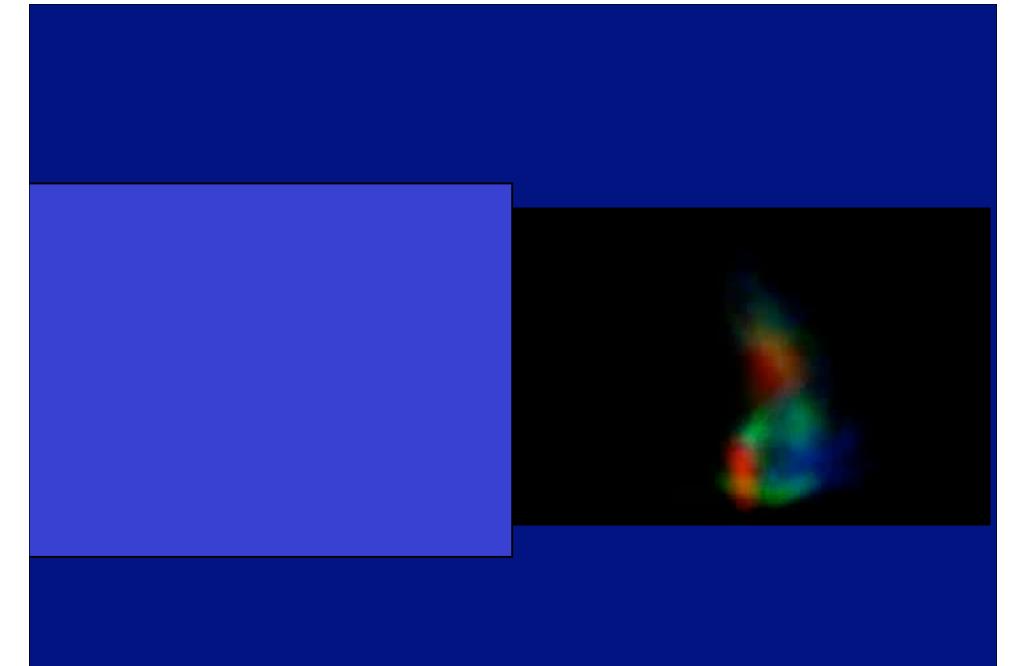
British director Sam Mendes and his partner actress Kate Winslet arrive at the London premiere of 'The Road to Perdition'. September 18, 2002. The films stars Tom Hanks as a Chicago hit man who has a separate family life and co-stars Paul Newman and Jude Law. REUTERS/Dan Chung



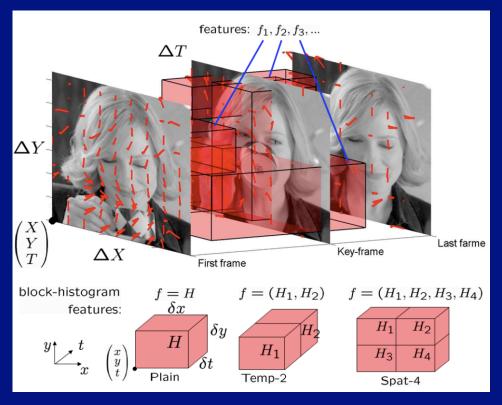
### Curious phenomena in public spaces

Yan+Forsyth, 04





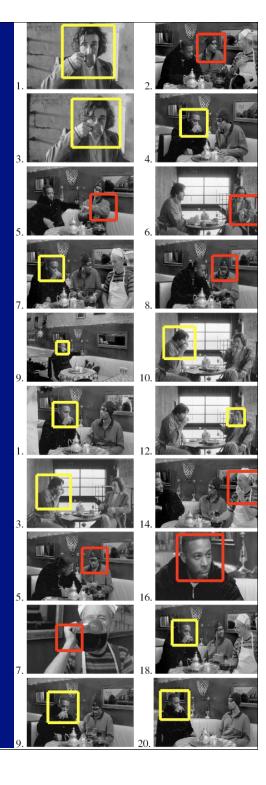




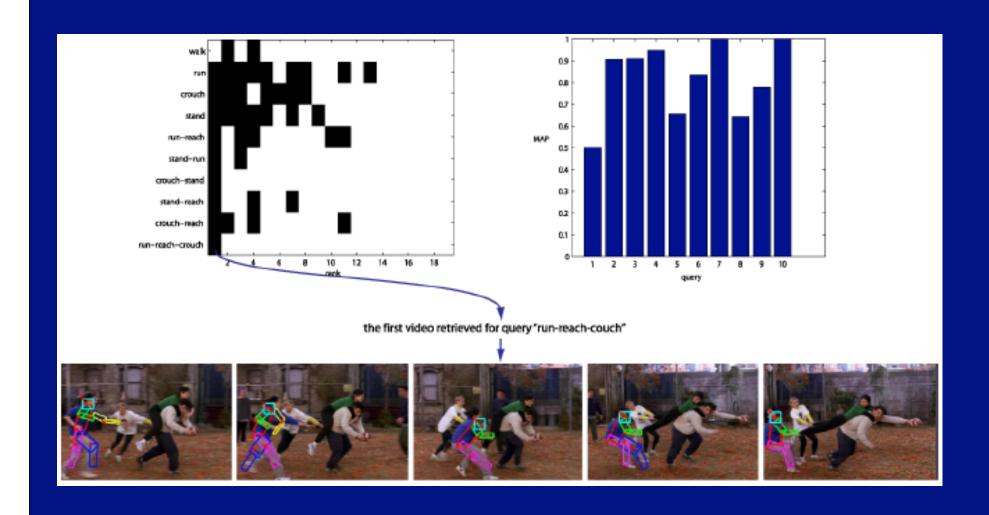






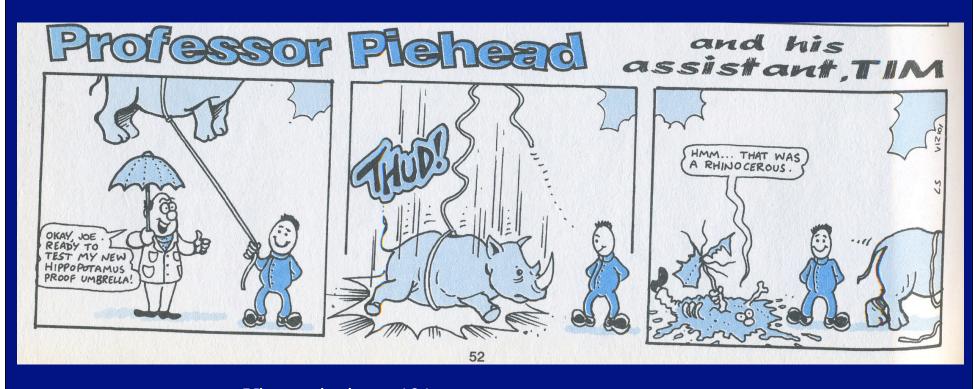


Retrieving actions in movies
I Laptev, P Perez - International Conference on Computer Vision, 2007

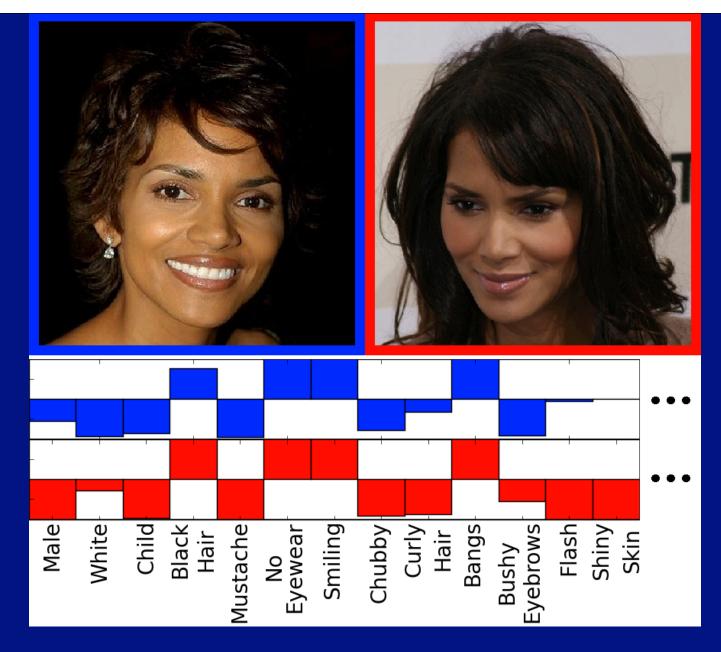


Searching for complex human activities with no visual examples N İkizler, DA Forsyth - IJCV, 2008

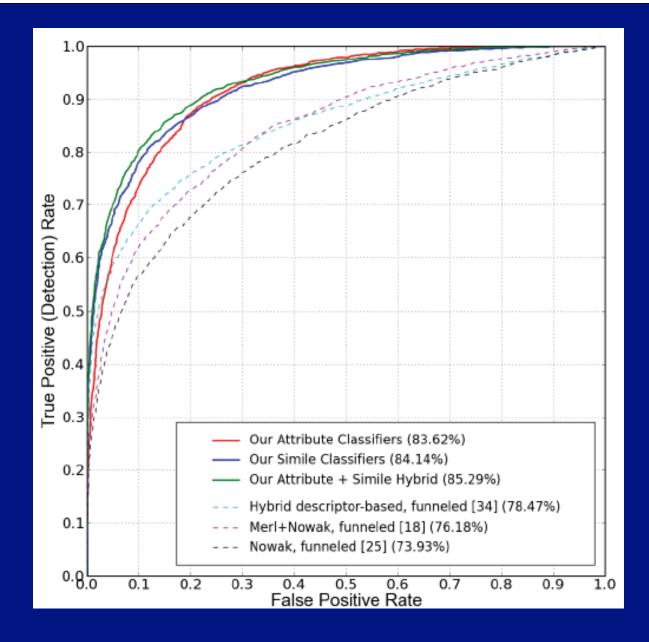
# What is an object like?



Viz comic, issue 101

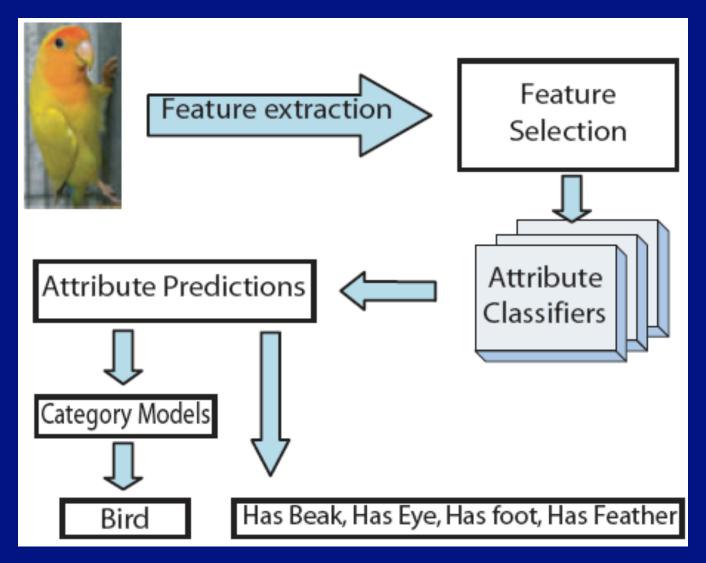


"Attribute and Simile Classifiers for Face Verification," ICCV 2009. (N. Kumar, A. Berg, P. Belhumeur, S. K. Nayar)



"Attribute and Simile Classifiers for Face Verification," ICCV 2009. (N. Kumar, A. Berg, P. Belhumeur, S. K. Nayar)

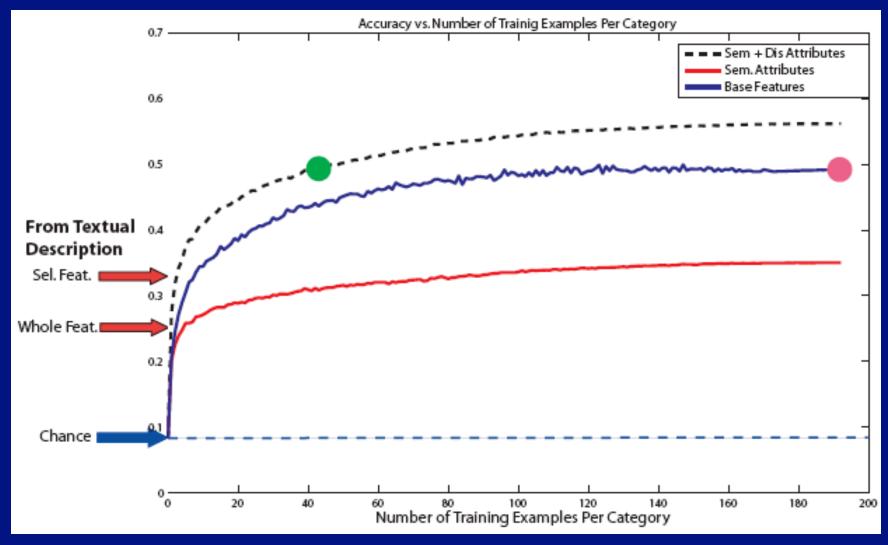
### General architecture



A.Farhadi, I. Endres, D. Hoiem, D.A. Forsyth, "Describing objects by their attributes", CVPR 2009



### Few Examples



A.Farhadi, I. Endres, D. Hoiem, D.A. Forsyth, "Describing objects by their attributes", CVPR 2009

### Motivating problems

- Near duplicate image detection
  - find pictures in very large collections that are near duplicates of a query
    - trademarks, copyright, storage, matching
- Detecting objects
  - find objects in images using examples
- Detecting and tracking people
  - because they appear in lots of images/movies
- Point matching reconstruction
  - as in previous slides

### Near duplicate image detection

### Strategy

• if two images have many small patches that are similar, they might match

• particularly if the arrangements are consistent



Query



Collection



Response





# Sliding window detection

• Detect instances of objects in images





# Sliding window detection



Windows



What the detector sees

Detector: take a description of a window, say yes or no based on examples, statistical test

## Sliding window detection

- We use fixed size windows
  - find small objects
    - run windows over big version of picture



- find big objects
  - run windows over smaller version of picture

